





New Directions in Graduation Research

December 4, 2020 10 am – 2.15 pm EST













Graduating to ResilienceResearch and Learning Priorities



2-3 December 2020 Rita Larok

Agenda

- 1. Activity Summary
- 2. Our learning agenda
- 3. Learning Questions
- 4. Possible RCT Ideas for Cohort 2



Activity Summary

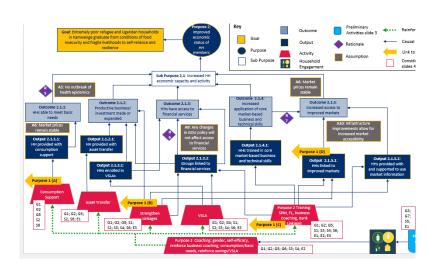
- Goal: Extremely poor refugee and Ugandan HHs in Kamwenge district graduate from conditions of food insecurity and fragile livelihoods to self reliance and resilience
- **Donor:** USAID Bureau for Humanitarian Assistance
- Implementer: AVSI with Trickle UP and IMPAQ International + External Evaluator Innovations for Poverty Action (IPA) conducting a randomize control trial
- **Period**: Oct 01, 2017 to Sept 30, 2024 (7 Years) in 2 cohorts + 1 year refinement + 6 month refinement
- Target: 13,200 HHs (50% host / 50% refugee)
- Participants: Women and youth as primary participants with their households
- Cohort 1 Target: 6,629 Participants and 37,585 members

RCT Research for Cohort 1

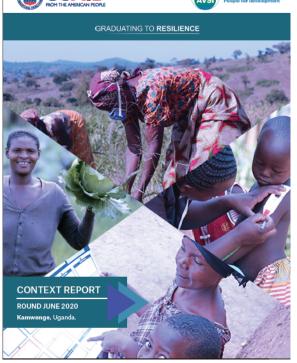
PROGRAM COMPONENT	ARM 1 STANDARD GRADUATION	ARM 2 GROUP COACHING	ARM 3 EMPOWERMENT MODEL
Consumption Support	•	•	•
Livelihood Skills Training and Support	•	•	•
Savings and Financial Inclusion	•	•	
Asset Transfer	•	•	_
Coaching	INDIVIDUAL	GROUP	INDIVIDUAL
Linkage and Referrals	•	•	•

Our Learning Approach

- Pause-and-reflect
- Before-action reviews
- Context assessments
- After-action reviews
- M&E for learning
- Theory of change
- Technical evidence base
- Assessments
- RCTs











Learning Questions



- The learning agenda details approaches for <u>learning-while-implementing</u> as well as learning questions to benefit the <u>broader evidence base and immediate/future implementation</u>.
 - Questions specific to broader evidence base to be answered by **end of implementation**:
 - Questions specific to improve implementation in Cohort 1 and Cohort 2 to be answered by July 2021

Learning Questions

- Questions to improve implementation in Cohort 2 and contribute to broader evidence base to be answered by end of implementation and others by July 2021:
- External Use Only by end of implementation
 - 1. How to scale the Graduation Approach?
 - 2. What is the effect of implementing as an RCT on factors like social cohesion, design, and motivation?
- Internal and External Use by July 2021
 - 1. How have gender dynamics changed and what does this change mean for time use and women's empowerment?
 - 2. What effect does consumption support have on intra-HH dynamics, basic needs, and participation in other Activity components?
 - 3. What factors lead to sustainable and effective private sector engagement?
 - 4. What are the various dimensions of livelihood diversification from business plan creation to business operation?
 - 5. What characteristics of the VSLA have influenced the effectiveness of the savings groups (SGs) and how have other factors (other Activity components, HH characteristics, shocks) affected savings?
 - 6. What is the relationship between mental health and the graduation approach?
 - 7. How do we balance a woman-plus approach while effectively engaging the entire HH?
 - 8. What coach attributes lead to the greatest improvement in household outcomes among refugees and host community members?

Possible RCT Research Ideas for Cohort 2

- Two treatment arms
 - Arm 1: The most cost-effective arm from Cohort one
 - Arm 2: New design to be determined
 - Consider testing a cognitive behavior module to better understand the role of mental health and participant outcomes.
 - Test the woman+ HH approach from Cohort 1 with a more intensive gender approach to better understand how gender dynamics have changed and what does this change mean for time use and women's empowerment?







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GRADUATION PROGRAMME MALAWI

4th December 2020

Thokozani Kalanje Graduation Programme Manager

INTRODUCTION TO THE GRADUATION

PROGRAMME

- A Livelihoods Programme using the Graduation Approach
- The program is designed to promote self-reliance and build resilience and thereby reduce need for external support in the long-term
- The programme has an "enabling environment" which focuses on the broader community



Areas of Implementation and Coverage

- Duration: 5 years (2017-2021)
- Location: Nsanje and Mangochi
- Target Group: Extreme poor and poor households with labour capacity who are married
- Direct Beneficiaries: Pilot 200, Scale Up to 1800 in cohort 2 and 3, and over 6,000 households in enabling environment



Son to Graduation lead farmer in Mangochi District

Unique Aspects of the Malawi approach to Graduation:

- We are trying to be gender transformative within our Graduation model:
 - Addressing economic empowerment but also promoting agency among women, as well as social and cultural change within the families
- The gender specific component of the Graduation programme is known as *Umodzi*, meaning 'united'
- Engages couples to reflect upon and discuss issues such as gender norms, power, decision-making, budgeting, violence, positive parenting and healthy relationships.
- Aims at transforming gender & power relations among targeted couples
- One short coming we don't address these issues at the community level

Research Component:

- Concern has partnered with Trinity College Dublin to better understand the barriers faced by households, particularly women, in escaping poverty.
- The impact evaluation has three treatment arms in the (600 households each), all of whom will get the basic graduation package and a control arm.
- The research aim is to primarily learn:
 - ➤ Whether gender of the graduation program recipient matters (female empowerment, spousal cohesion and IPV, and ultimate welfare outcomes)
 - ➤ What is the impact of an add-on couple's empowerment training, 'Transforming Gender & Power Relations'.

Initial Programme findings from our M&E and



- Increased women's participation in HH decision making
- Shared family visions
- Improved attitudes towards Gender Equality
- Decrease in acceptability of violence
- Reduced inequalities on HH roles, conjugal rights, etc
- Building social resilience
- Transforming gender & power relations impacts on HH graduation from extreme poverty by fostering economic corporation between couples

Initial Findings from a Qualitative Impact Protocol (QuIP)

- The Research team integrated qualitative research into their impact evaluation and the initial findings show;
 - Increased sharing of chores between couples
 - Increased peace and harmony between couples
 - Growing acceptance by the community of the husband assisting the wife with household chores
 - Evidence of joint decision making and collaboration between couples

Where can we go from here?

- While we have learned a lot from integrating Umodzi into the Graduation approach, some gaps we have identified:
 - Community versus/and household interventions for gender empowerment
 - What interventions work at the community level and are needed to promote change at the household level.
 - What works better at the household level?
- Intensity and duration: How long/how often do these interventions need to happen to bring about the needed change.
- Scalability of such gender transformational programs within Graduation

THANK YOU

