Researchers
Alethea Desrosiers
Brown University

Staff
Kyu Khin Gar
Senior Research Manager

Walker Higgins
Country Director, Liberia and Sierra Leone

Timeline
2022-2027

Study Status
In Progress

Study Type
Randomized Evaluation

Sample Size
50 schools (1,200 students)

Delivery of Evidence-based Youth Mental Health Interventions by Teachers in Sierra Leone

YRI training that Caritas held with teachers ©Alethea Desrosiers
In collaboration with IPA Sierra Leone and Caritas Freetown, researchers are conducting a randomized evaluation of a mental health intervention for secondary school students—consisting of cognitive behavioral therapy, interpersonal therapy, and mindfulness techniques—when it is implemented by teachers.

Worldwide, nearly 15 percent of adolescents live with mental health issues.\(^1\) This can be exacerbated in conflict and post-conflict settings where limited support structures may exist, such as Sierra Leone. For instance, the mental health treatment gap for young people in Sierra Leone—the percentage of individuals who require care but do not receive treatment—is over 99 percent.\(^2\) This can have significant negative impacts in the future, including increased exposure to poverty.\(^3\)

One youth mental health intervention that has been implemented in Sierra Leone previously is the Youth Readiness Intervention (YRI). The YRI was culturally developed in Sierra Leone and incorporates aspects of cognitive behavioral therapy, interpersonal therapy, and mindfulness techniques to improve emotion regulation, interpersonal skills, and problem-solving abilities. The YRI has been shown to improve mental health and persistence in school previously and non-expert health workers can deliver it. However, given Sierra Leone’s limited health infrastructure, this can pose a challenge to the program’s sustainability. Evidence from across Sub-Saharan suggests that teachers’ involvement in delivering mental health interventions can lead to improved outcomes for students.\(^4\) Can teachers deliver YRI with quality and is it feasible at scale?

A researcher from Brown University and collaborating researchers’ have partnered with IPA Sierra Leone and Caritas Freetown—a Catholic community development NGO—to conduct a randomized evaluation to measure whether teachers can effectively deliver YRI in secondary schools. They are also testing a mobile phone-based supervision strategy to support delivery quality. Teachers completed training two weeks of YRI training, which consisted of role-playing, didactics, direct practice with the YRI manual, and group discussions. YRI experts based at Caritas Freetown are providing supervision to teachers in person or via the mobile-based mHealth app integrated with WhatsApp as they deliver the intervention.

A total of 50 rural and urban secondary schools (1,200 students) in the Western region of Sierra Leone have been randomly assigned to either receive the YRI intervention with mobile phone-based teacher supervision (20 schools); the YRI intervention with in-person teacher supervision (20 schools); or serve as a comparison group and receive the YRI intervention after the study concludes (10 schools). Researchers will measure the feasibility, acceptability cost, and fidelity to the YRI among teachers receiving mobile supervision compared with those receiving standard, in-person supervision; the impact of YRI participation on students’ mental health and educational outcomes; and factors influencing the sustainability of the intervention with schools in Sierra Leone.

Results will be available during the final year of the project in early 2027.

* Collaborating researchers: Theresa S. Betancourt, Bidemi Carrol, Alethea Desrosiers, Walker
Higgins, Fatoma Momoh, Diana Bowser, Cara Antonaccio

Sources


Research Partner

Brown University

Implementing Partner