

Timeline

June 2019- December 2021

Study Type

Randomized Evaluation

Research Implemented by IPA

No

drc_menage_covid19_round2.xlsx
wash_drc_hh_covid19_initial_survey.xlsx

Effects of community-led WASH on Covid-19 in the Democratic Republic of Congo- Household Survey

Abstract

This study uses a cluster-level randomized controlled trial to evaluate the causal impact of the VEA program across 332 rural villages. VEA is a national community-led water, sanitation, and hygiene program in the Democratic Republic of Congo. Although VEA has been operational since 2008, the study focused on more recent activities; as the program was implemented in these villages in the later phase of the program (throughout 2019). It involves experimentally varying the provision of the VEA program to a set of villages to examine the causal impacts on Covid-19 knowledge, attitudes, and practices, water governance, water access, infrastructure development, availability of sanitation services, and health. We interviewed households in-person at 5 months post-intervention, and by phone at 12 months and 18 months. We plan two more rounds of phone surveys and one more in-person interview.

Questionnaire Description

This is the accompanying survey for this project.

Implementing Organization

Multiple- see RECOVR Hub Summary

Project Data Collection Mode

- CAPI (Computer-assisted personal interviewing)
- CATI (Computer-assisted telephone interviewing)

Researchers (*corresponding author)

[Aidan Coville](#), [Kevin Croke](#), [Eric Mvukiyehe](#), [John Quattrochi](#)

Partners

World Bank

UNICEF

DRC Ministry of Public Health

DRC Ministry of Primary, Secondary, and Professional Education

Innovation Hub for Research in Africa

Questionnaire File Type

Reader-friendly survey instrument

Questionnaire Language(s)

English, French, Kikongo

Questionnaire Usage Permissions

Use with attribution

Questionnaire Stage

Data Collection in Progress

February 26, 2021