

Authors

Dean Karlan Northwestern University

Margaret McConnell Harvard School of Public Health

> Hey Look at Me: The Effect of Giving Circles on Giving^o

*Dean Karlan and +Margaret A. McConnell

May 15, 2013

Abstract

Theories abound for why individuals give to classity. We conduct a randomized field experiment with a Yale service club and find that the promise of public recognition increases giving. Some may claim that they give when offered public recognition in order to motivate others to give too, rather than for the more obvious expected private gain from increasing one's social standing. To tease apart these two theories, we also conduct a laboratory experiment with undergraduates. Our evidence is not consistent with individuals giving primarily because of a desire to influence the gifts of others. We conclude that social image motivations are a central determinant of giving when gifts are publicly recognized.

 $\textbf{Keywords:} \ prosocial \ behavior, experiments, \ voluntary \ contributions, social \ image$

JEL: D64, C90, L30

*Department of Romanics, Yale University, National Bussus of Economic Research, Incurations for Presety Action and the M.I.T. James! Powerte Action Labe down Includenda

 $^oHarmed School of Public Health, Innovation for Powerty Action and the MLLT. James of Powerty Action Lab: noneconne Whaph haveurel advantage of the Public Health, Innovation for Publi$

We would like to thank the staff of Dright Hall and Jacob Marcan for their help in implementing the nandomized field experiment.

We are guarded to Lint Burnage and the staff of the Darkien Lab at Vale for anxietance curving lab experiment at Vale. Thusbe

to Brooke Bermen, Yn-Trig Chung and Angels Vargas for research assistance. We thoub Sen Linarch for input on experimental design. We thoub Ragan Petric, Scan Schitck, Li Hao, Durch Senu, Paula Covder-Salas, Jane Zhang and surfaces at ESA and CNWEP for helpful Southack.

1

Hey Look at Me: The Effect of Giving Circles on Giving

Theories abound for why individuals give to charity. We conduct a randomized field experiment with a Yale service club and find that the promise of public recognition increases giving. Some may claim that they give when offered public recognition in order to motivate others to give too, rather than for the more obvious expected private gain from increasing one's social standing. To tease apart these two theories, we also conduct a laboratory experiment with undergraduates. Our evidence is not consistent with individuals giving primarily because of a desire to influence the gifts of others. We conclude that social image motivations are a central determinant of giving when gifts are publicly recognized.



May 13, 2013