

Authors

Jakob Svensson Stockholm University

Martina Björkman Nyqvist Stockholm School of Economics

> POWER TO THE PEOPLE: EVIDENCE FROM A RANDOMIZED FIELD EXPERIMENT ON COMMUNITY-BASED MONITORING IN UGANDA:

> > MARTINA BJORKMAN AND JAKOB SVENSSON

This paper presents a modomized field experiment on community-based monimizing of public primary health can provide in Urgania. Through two rounds of vilings meetings, localized congressmental organizations encouraged communities to be more involved with the state of health service provision and strengthened their capacity to healt their local health providers to amount for preferenance. A year after the intervention, teatment communities are more involved in monitoring the provider, and the health workers appear to exert higher effort to serve the community. We document large increases in utilization and improved health outcomes—making the provider of the provider of the compare for worky to some of the more successful community-based intervention trials reserved in the model all terratures.

І. Імтрористном

Approximately eleven million children under five years die each year and almost half of these deaths occur in sub-Saharan Africa. More than half of these children will die of diseases (e.g., diarrhea, pneumonia, malaria, measles, and neonatal disorders) that could easily have been prevented or treated if the children had had access to a small set of proven, inexpensive services (Black, Morris, and Bryce 2003; Jones et al. 2003).

Why are these services not provided? Anecdotal, and recently more systematic, evidence points to one possible reason ineffective systems of monitoring and weak accountability

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Power to the People: Evidence from a Randomized Field experiment on Community-Based Monitoring in Uganda

This paper presents a randomized field experiment on community-based monitoring of public primary health care providers in Uganda. Through two rounds of village meetings, localized nongovernmental organizations encouraged communities to be more involved with the state of health service provision and strengthened their capacity to hold their local health providers to account for performance. A year after the intervention, treatment communities are more involved in monitoring the provider, and the health workers appear to exert higher effort to serve the community. We document large increases in utilization and improved



health outcomes—reduced child mortality and increased child weight—that compare favorably to some of the more successful community-based intervention trials reported in the medical literature

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