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> The Impact of Reservation in the Panchayati Raj: Evidence from a Nationwide Randomized Experiment

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## 1 INTRODUCTION

The 72nd Amendment paved the way for a fundamental change in the way public goods are delivered in runal areas in India. Through the structure of the Panchayati Raj, local contails directly elected by the people are responsible for making decisions on an array of public good decisions. Twice a year, the councils must also convene village meetings (Ceam Sabhas), where the villagers must approve their plan and their budget. Eventually, the Geam Panchayats are supposed to be given control over an even broader army of social services, including basic education and primary health care. The hope is that decentralization, by bringing decision-making dose to the people, may improve both the quality of social services delivery in India, which is in many ways disastrous (e.g., Paobe Team (1999)), and its adequacy to meet people's needs.

However, in a country with a heterogenous population, a danger is that decentralimation will make it more difficult to protect the interests of weaker segments of the population, notably women, the Scheduled Castes (SC), and the Scheduled Titbes (ST), and, in particular, to ensure that thry get their fair share of public goods. To alleviate this concern, the 73sd Amendment sequired that a fraction of seate at all levels be reserved to women, SCs and STs. While reservations for SCs and STs are in place in other elected bodies (national and state legislative assemblies), the 73sd Amendment is the first one in India that mandated women's reservation, and this made it a landmark piece of legislation as well as, to some extent, a text case.<sup>1</sup> It also makes an objective infinite notine of Masqueent, Calcotts, and Massachusets Institute of Theology. We thask Dassa Ace-

Instant tracture or standgement, Caretta, and reasonancement instruction of inclusing, we taked linear Atomody, Ahhili Imaerjes, Tanotoly Bueley, Anae Goos, Malir Ghooh Dawtille, Angan Dasto, Hake Lajo, Steve Levin, Costas Migkle, Rohini Paule and Emmanuel Sten for discussives, Passil Chalesborty and Milir Ghosh Dastiller for organizing and supervising the data collection in West Brough, Calles foott and Assin Du'h for segnetizing the data collection in Rajorthan, and Lucia Barieros, Shawa Gleand Jonathan Rohinson for excellent sessarch assistance, and the National Foreitiest of Hashih (deveugh gares RedOlfD09):2014) and the John D. and Carberke T. MacArthur Foundation for financial support. Chattopachpay thanks the Institute for Economic Development at Baston University for its hespitally.

<sup>3</sup>These are reservations fir women in many other countries, however. Quotas for women in assemblies or on parties' candidate lists are in force in the legislation of over 30 countries (Would Bank (2011)), and in the internal

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